CITY OF BEREA Berea, Kentucky

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

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City of Berea, Kentucky

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Berea's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read the following in conjunction with the auditors' report on page 11 and the City's financial statements, which begin to appear on page 13.

OVERVIEW OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements of the City and the independent auditor's report on internal control and compliance. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

The City's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. The focus of these statements is both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual funds of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

GOVERNMENT – WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net assets of the City and the changes in them. One can think of the City's net assets—the resources the City has left over after its debts are settled—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, changes in property tax rates or valuation, infrastructure asset condition, and new or changed government legislation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government administration, police, police administration, fire, streets, codes, parks, GIS, economic development, and tourism. Property taxes, licenses and permits (including occupational licenses fees, insurance tax and franchise fees), and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities—The City collects fees from customers to cover the costs of the services, provided by the Berea Municipal Utilities. Utilities provided include electric, water, and sewer.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statement presentation focuses on the City's funds. They provide more information about the City's funds and not the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Fund—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Fund—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

NET ASSETS

Our analysis begins with a summary of the City's Statement of Net Assets, which is presented on Table 1 followed by an explanation of the results. Changes in Net Assets are presented in Table 2, which is also followed by an explanation of the results.

Table 1

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2012 Total Primary Government	2011 Total Primary Government
\$ 8,218,818	\$ 9,566,897	\$ 17,785,715	\$ 17,205,336
19,149,769	42,029,399	61,179,168	61,763,448
39,549	2,954,084	2,993,633	2,825,955
27,408,136	54,550,380	81,958,516	81,794,739
1,957,997	21,839,370	23,797,367	25,580,424
1,330,394	3,586,116	4,916,510	5,380,679
3,288,391	25,425,486	28,713,877	30,961,103
17,035,953	18,913,956	35,949,909	34,625,992
582,276	1,998,659	2,580,935	1,999,333
6,501,516	8,212,279	14,713,795	14,208,311
\$ 24,119,745	\$ 29,124,894	\$ 53,244,639	\$ 50,833,636
	Activities \$ 8,218,818 19,149,769 39,549 27,408,136 1,957,997 1,330,394 3,288,391 17,035,953 582,276 6,501,516	Activities Activities \$ 8,218,818 \$ 9,566,897 19,149,769 42,029,399 39,549 2,954,084 27,408,136 54,550,380 1,957,997 21,839,370 1,330,394 3,586,116 3,288,391 25,425,486 17,035,953 18,913,956 582,276 1,998,659 6,501,516 8,212,279	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Primary Government \$ 8,218,818 \$ 9,566,897 \$ 17,785,715 19,149,769 42,029,399 61,179,168 39,549 2,954,084 2,993,633 27,408,136 54,550,380 81,958,516 1,957,997 21,839,370 23,797,367 1,330,394 3,586,116 4,916,510 3,288,391 25,425,486 28,713,877 17,035,953 18,913,956 35,949,909 582,276 1,998,659 2,580,935 6,501,516 8,212,279 14,713,795

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Berea exceeded liabilities by \$53,244,639. The City's total assets increased by \$163,777, due mainly to the accumulation of cash in the Utilities which will be used to fund several capital projects in the early part of fiscal year 2013. The City's liabilities decreased by \$2,247,226 as a result of principal payments on the City's bonds and notes. This resulted in an overall increase in net assets of \$2,411,003. However, over half of the increase reflects the City's investment in capital assets, less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investments in capital assets are reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources. An additional \$2,580,935 of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be used. The remaining balance of \$14,713,795 is unrestricted, which shows an increase of \$505,484 over the 2011 amount.

Net assets from one activity generally cannot be used to make up for any deficits in the other activities.

Table 2

						2012 Total	2011 Total		
	Governmental			usiness-type		Primary	Primary		
D	A	Activities		Activities	G	Government	G	overnment	
Revenues Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	235,263	\$	14,749,035	\$	14,984,298	\$	14,860,100	
Operating Grants	φ	255,205	φ	14,749,033	φ	14,504,250	φ	14,000,100	
& Contributions		919,093		_		919,093		714,277	
Capital Grants		717,073				717,073		714,277	
& Contributions		57,956		403,546		461,502		182,998	
General Revenue		31,730		403,340		401,302		102,770	
Taxes		1,773,916		_		1,773,916		1,665,099	
License fees		7,867,138		_		7,867,138		7,537,145	
Permits		110,401		_		110,401		72,358	
Investment Earnings		50,338		68,198		118,536		187,662	
Other Revenues		112,352		-		112,352		135,051	
Total Revenues		11,126,457		15,220,779		26,347,236		25,354,690	
Program Expenses		1 (20 520				1 (20 520		1 200 750	
General Government		1,629,539		-		1,629,539		1,399,758	
Public Safety - Police		2,480,473		-		2,480,473		2,373,906	
Public Safety - Fire		1,301,436		-		1,301,436		1,318,508	
Public Works		1,999,706		-		1,999,706		1,927,570	
Codes enforcement		340,765		-		340,765		293,113	
Parks and Recreation		854,159		-		854,159		862,234	
Sanitation		12,168		-		12,168		12,168	
GIS/Surveying		153,974		-		153,974		140,257	
Business Development		74,591		-		74,591		70,770	
Tourism Industrial Development		946,291		-		946,291		807,937	
State Contracts		155,663		-		155,663		4,349 107,972	
Interest on Long-term Debt		75,138		-		75,138		119,340	
Utilities Utilities		73,136		13,894,257		13,894,257		14,408,176	
Total Program Expenses		10,023,903		13,894,257		23,918,160		23,846,058	
Total Flogram Expenses		10,023,903		13,074,237		23,910,100		23,040,036	
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Property		(18,073)		-		(18,073)		(247,956)	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,084,481	\$	1,326,522	\$	2,411,003	\$	1,260,676	

The City's Change in Net Assets above includes depreciation expenses that are not cash expenditures of the City. These expenses are never considered as part of the City's budget process for governmental activities. Additionally, the principal portions of debt obligations are excluded from the above but are reflected as debt service expenditures along with capital outlay expenditures in the City's budget for governmental activities. The business-type activities are budgeted on a full accrual basis, which includes depreciation expense but does not include debt service principal.

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,084,481 compared to the prior year's increase of \$727,300. This year's increase in net assets from governmental activities accounts for 45% of the total growth in the net assets of the City as a whole. This results from an overall increase in governmental revenue of \$713,319 (7%) which offset a \$586,021 (6%) increase in expenses. Key elements of affecting governmental net assets include:

- \$204,816 (29%) increase in operating grants and contributions
- \$159,706 (3%) increase in occupational license fees on payroll
- \$89,836 (15%) increase in occupational license fees on net profits
- \$71,020 (43%) increase in charges for services
- \$36,037 (42%) decrease in interest earned on CDs

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,326,522 compared to the prior year's increase in net assets of \$533,376. Key elements of this increase include:

- \$259,138 (179%) increase in grant revenue from capital projects
- \$513,919 (4%) decrease in operating expenses
- \$279,227 (2%) increase in operating revenues
- \$33,089 (49%) decrease in interest earned on CDs

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

As noted earlier, the City of Berea uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting where expenditures include debt principal payments and capital outlay.

Table 3 details the change in fund balance of resulting from the fiscal year's governmental activities.

Table 3

	2012	2011
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 1,773,916	\$ 1,665,099
Licenses and permits	7,977,539	7,609,503
Charges for Services	235,263	164,243
Fines & Forfeits	7,582	18,711
Intergovernmental	977,049	714,277
Other Revenues	155,108	202,715
Total Revenues	11,126,457	10,374,548
Expenditures		
General Government	1,522,041	1,325,120
Public Safety - Police	2,315,947	2,236,848
Public Safety - Fire	1,163,637	1,192,955
Public Works	1,645,590	1,608,689
Codes Enforcement	333,817	289,491
Parks and Recreation	658,127	616,329
GIS/Surveying	130,846	125,507
Business Development	73,813	70,499
Tourism	912,944	772,508
Industrial Development	-	4,349
State Contracts	155,663	107,972
Capital Outlay	1,219,594	968,969
Debt Service	886,737	910,745
Total Expenditures	11,018,756	10,229,981
Excess revenues over (under)		
before other sources (uses)	107,701	144,567
Other Eineneine Courses (Uses)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	120,000	
Note proceeds	120,000	22.947
Proceeds from sale of assets	18,250	22,847
Transfers in (out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	138,250	22,847
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	138,230	22,847
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 245,951	\$ 167,414

Total fund balance for all governmental funds has increased 3% from the prior year. Key elements of these changes include:

- Revenue increased a total of \$751,909 (7%). As mentioned previously, the increase in grant revenues, occupational license fees on payroll and net profits offsets the decreases in other categories of revenue such as decreased interest.
- Seller financing for property purchased by the City provided \$120,000 increase in fund balance.
- \$250,625 (26%) increase in capital outlay.
- \$190,436 (26%) increase in Tourism expenditures.
- \$196,921 (15%) increase in General Government expenditures.
- \$44,325 (15%) increase in Codes Enforcement expenditures.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the fiscal year, the City amended the budget once. Budget amendments are made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once more information is available; to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and to increase appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The budget contains proposed expenditures and expected revenues. A comparison of the final amended budget to actual amounts for governmental activities is presented in the table below (Tables 4 & 5).

Table 4
General Fund Revenues
Budget to Actual

	Budget		Actual		Variance
Taxes	\$ 659,200	\$	760,487	\$	101,287
Licenses, Permits & Billings	6,163,200		7,977,539		1,814,339
Charges for Services	146,350		193,436		47,086
Fines & Forfeitures	19,200		7,582		(11,618)
Intergovernmental	344,825		369,754		24,929
Other Revenue	126,502		134,632		8,130
	 _		_		_
Total Revenues	\$ 7,459,277	\$	9,443,430	\$	1,984,153

Table 5 General Fund Expenditures Budget to Actual

	Budget		Actual		Variance
Administration	\$	1,606,804	\$	1,475,771	\$ (131,033)
Police		2,461,284		2,314,221	(147,063)
Fire		1,355,062		1,163,637	(191,425)
Public Works		1,490,600		1,288,258	(202,342)
Codes Enforcement		397,625		333,817	(63,808)
Parks & Recreaction		829,806		658,127	(171,679)
GIS/Surveying		161,864		130,846	(31,018)
Business Development		87,395		73,813	(13,582)
Capital Outlay		810,560		357,962	(452,598)
Debt Service		728,911		729,687	 776
Total Expenditures	\$	9,929,911	\$	8,526,139	\$ (1,403,772)

The City tends to budget for revenue conservatively to guard against the impact of an unexpected downturn of economic conditions throughout the year. As a result, the City's revenue exceeded budgeted amounts by \$1,984,153 or 27%.

The City tends to budget expenditures based on realistic estimates of expenses, but makes concerted efforts to eliminate unnecessary expenditures and reduce costs whenever possible. As a result, the City's expenditures were \$1,403,773 or 14% below budgeted amounts. The majority of

this difference was based on capital items or projects that were budgeted for but not purchased during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Berea's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, totals \$90,347,309, a 3% increase from the prior year. Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchase of 300 Chestnut Street at the cost of \$285,000.
- Completion of the Depot Renovation with a total project cost of \$593,621 over a two year period, \$250,459 of which was incurred during fiscal year 2012.
- Purchase of a digger truck for use in the electric division of Berea Utilities at a cost of \$205,184.
- Partial implementation of Springbrook software system totalling \$185,840 included in construction in progress.
- Construction on the Indian Fort Trail between Harrison Road on Shortline Pike totals \$182,757 during fiscal year 2012 added to construction in progress.
- Purchase of seven vehicles for a total cost of \$169,073. Vehicles include four general fund use and three for Berea Utilities.
- Erection of the Berea Utilities Solar Farm at a total cost of \$141,152.
- Installation of water and electric meters that are read electronically for a cost of \$116.468.
- Purchase of a sewer line inspection camera system at a cost of \$88,700.

Table 6 shows summary totals for the City's capital assets.

Table 6

						2012 Total		2011 Total
	Govern	nmental	Bu	isiness-type		Primary		Primary
	Acti	vities	4	Activities	G	overnment	G	Government
Land, Buildings & Improvements	\$ 11,	654,449	\$	2,477,861	\$	14,132,310	\$	13,133,322
Construction in Progress		686,959		396,840		1,083,799		809,370
Vehicles & Equipment	6,	176,987		1,602,745		7,779,732		7,315,923
Infrastructure/Utility Plant	9,	831,538		57,519,930		67,351,468		66,813,997
Total Capital Assets	28,	349,933		61,997,376		90,347,309		88,072,612
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(9,	200,164)		(19,967,977)		(29,168,141)		(26,309,164)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 19,	149,769	\$	42,029,399	\$	61,179,168	\$	61,763,448

DEBT

The City's long term debt at June 30, 2012 totaled \$25,962,337. The City's debt decreased by \$1,859,685 (7%) during the fiscal year. Table 7 provides a summary of all of the City's outstanding indebtedness.

Table 7

			2012	2011
			Total	Total
	Governmental	Business-type	Primary	Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government	Government
Leases	\$ 8,816	\$ -	\$ 8,816	\$ 4,136
Bonds Payable	1,885,000	14,745,000	16,630,000	18,155,000
Loans Payable	220,000	8,263,560	8,483,560	8,978,320
Compensated Absences	647,572	192,389	839,961	684,566
Total Debt Outstanding	2,761,388	23,200,949	25,962,337	27,822,022

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

After more than two decades the presentation of the budget for Berea will change, new financial software, Springbrook, has been purchased. With the new software came an updated Chart of Accounts, causing the administration to scrutinize each revenue and expenditure line item producing a budget more congruent to our receipt and expenditure patterns. The 2012-13 budgets as presented, reveals the economic outlook for the City remaining strong. Local manufacturing facilities continue to grow in employment numbers adding to our collection of occupational licenses fees. Thus creating a substantial tax base to support the budgets as presented. The City does remain dependent on the Occupational licenses fee even though our tax base was diversified in 2007. The Insurance Premium Tax has made up for losses in our economy other than manufacturing. Our continued practices of conservative budgeting, with strict adherence to budgeted line items and the protection of our investments remain the strength of the City's financial future.

The 2012-13 budgets contains the final payment of the 1998 Park Bond, final payment on the Prospect Street project, final payment on the Moore Farm industrial property and includes the final payment of the front loaded portion of the 2008 bond issue. More than \$ 600,000 in debt service included in this budget will be free for other programs in the future.

The 2012-13 budgets provide funds for infrastructure improvements in the amount of \$ 400,000. Projects supported by this budget include the extension of the Indian Fort shared use path, Water Street Drainage project, Scaffold Cane side walk plan and lighting in the Folk Center. The City does remain financially sound. Cash reserves combined with anticipated revenues presents strong evidence that the City will continue to be fiscally sound going into the 2011-12 fiscal year. Just as is evident in the audit our pledge to professionalism in fiscal management will guide both the staff and the elected officials through the upcoming fiscal year.

UTILITIES

The Berea Municipal Utilities budget for the 2012-13 is supported by an increase in electric rates both the volumetric rate and the monthly service fee, giving the Utilities a firm revenue stream that covers cost of both transmission and distribution cost . The Utilities continues to upgrade the electrical system in addition to building a new Walnut Meadow Pump Station and the 76 Water line loop. Later in the fiscal year the Terrill Branch Sewer line extension will be completed. The management of the Utilities continues to work toward a strong group of Energy Efficiency programs.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of the City, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Susan Meeks or Randy Stone, at 212 Chestnut Street, Berea, Kentucky 40403.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and the City Council City of Berea Berea, Kentucky Stephen R. Allen, CPA/PFS Dennis H. England, CPA Michael D. Foley, CPA Lyman Hager, Jr., CPA/PFS Jerry W. Hensley, CPA

J. Carroll Luby, CPA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berea, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Berea, Kentucky's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in **Government Auditing Standards**, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berea, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with **Government Auditing Standards**, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2012, on our consideration of the City of Berea, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 10 and 35 through 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Berea, Kentucky's financial statements as a whole. The proprietary budgetary comparison schedules, and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The proprietary budgetary comparison schedules and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Ray, Foley, Hensley, & Company, PLLC

September 17, 2012

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2012

	P			
	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-type		2011
	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets	A 057 404	Φ 004.004	Φ 4.070.705	Φ 4 477 040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,357,434	\$ 321,361	\$ 1,678,795	\$ 1,477,812
Investments	5,296,368	6,934,029	12,230,397	12,400,928
Receivables (net) (Note 3)	1,562,011	2,270,949	3,832,960	3,309,288
Other receivable	4 000	33,783	33,783	5,220
Interest receivable	4,260	5,520	9,780	12,088
Internal balances	(1,255)	1,255	47 705 745	47.005.000
Total current assets	8,218,818	9,566,897	17,785,715	17,205,336
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	1,998,659	1,998,659	1,791,816
Inventory	-	585,914	585,914	590,013
Capital assets (Note 4)				
Construction in progress	686,959	396,840	1,083,799	809,370
Land	4,183,943	106,883	4,290,826	4,043,134
Land improvements, net	544,651	1,969,249	2,513,900	2,656,596
Depreciable infrastructure, net	8,440,257	-	8,440,257	8,766,392
Plant and sewer system, net	-	14,705,445	14,705,445	15,472,689
Plant and electric system, net	-	7,959,825	7,959,825	8,028,368
Plant and water system, net	-	16,117,796	16,117,796	16,601,372
Depreciable buildings, property,				
and equipment, net	5,293,959	773,361	6,067,320	5,385,527
Other assets	39,549	369,511	409,060	444,126
Total noncurrent assets	19,189,318	44,983,483	64,172,801	64,589,403
Total assets	\$ 27,408,136	\$ 54,550,380	\$ 81,958,516	\$ 81,794,739
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 355,730	\$ 1,594,080	\$ 1,949,810	\$ 2,095,549
Accrued payroll	158,418	20,184	178,602	209,154
Accrued taxes	-	54,835	54,835	47,317
Accrued interest payable	6,698	6,886	13,584	15,292
Customer deposits	-	548,224	548,224	533,262
Compensated absences	6,157	328	6,485	238,507
Current portion of long-term	0,.0.	020	0, .00	_00,001
obligations (Notes 6 & 7)	803,391	1,361,579	2,164,970	2,241,598
Total current liabilities	1,330,394	3,586,116	4,916,510	5,380,679
	1,000,004	3,300,110	4,910,010	3,300,079
Noncurrent liabilities	0.47.570	100.000	000 004	004.500
Compensated absences	647,572	192,389	839,961	684,566
Noncurrent portion of long-term				
obligations (Notes 6 & 7)	1,310,425	21,646,981	22,957,406	24,895,858
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,957,997	21,839,370	23,797,367	25,580,424
Total liabilities	3,288,391	25,425,486	28,713,877	30,961,103
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	17,035,953	18,913,956	35,949,909	34,625,992
Restricted for	,,	12,010,000	,,	- 1,0-0,000
Debt service	_	738,663	738,663	724,598
Depreciation	_	1,259,996	1,259,996	1,067,239
Other purposes	582,276	-,200,000	582,276	207,496
Unrestricted	6,501,516	8,212,279	14,713,795	14,208,311
Total net assets				
	24,119,745 © 27,409,430	29,124,894	53,244,639	50,833,636
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 27,408,136</u>	\$ 54,550,380	<u>\$ 81,958,516</u>	<u>\$ 81,794,739</u>

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended June 30, 2012

	Program Revenues				Net (E Cha			
			Operating	Capital		mary Governmer	nt	
	_	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		2011
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals
Primary government Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 1,629,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,629,539)	\$ -	\$ (1,629,539)	\$ (1,399,758)
Public safety-Police			236,829	Φ -	, , ,	φ -		
Public safety-Folice Public safety-Fire	2,480,473 1,301,436	54,760 15	107,096	-	(2,188,884) (1,194,325)	-	(2,188,884) (1,194,325)	(2,128,634) (1,168,724)
Public salety-File Public works	1,999,706	575	404,505	57,956	(1,194,325)	-	(1,194,325)	,
Codes enforcement			404,505	57,956	(332,022)	-		(1,667,974)
	340,765	8,743	45.000	-	, , ,	-	(332,022)	(288,283)
Parks and recreation	854,159	129,277	15,000	-	(709,882)	-	(709,882)	(732,203)
Sanitation	12,168	-	-	-	(12,168)	-	(12,168)	(12,168)
GIS/Surveying	153,974	66	-	-	(153,908)	-	(153,908)	(140,257)
Business development	74,591		-	-	(74,591)	-	(74,591)	(70,770)
Tourism	946,291	41,827	-	-	(904,464)	-	(904,464)	(788,312)
Industrial development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,349)
State contracts	155,663	-	155,663	-	- 	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	75,138				(75,138)		(75,138)	(119,340)
Total governmental								
activities	10,023,903	235,263	919,093	57,956	(8,811,591)	-	(8,811,591)	(8,520,772)
Business type activities	·							
Berea Municipal Utilities	13,894,257	14,749,035	_	403,546	-	1,258,324	1,258,324	432,089
Total business-type								
activities	13,894,257	14,749,035	_	403,546	_	1,258,324	1,258,324	432,089
activities	13,694,237	14,749,033		403,340		1,236,324	1,230,324	432,009
Total primary government	\$ 23,918,160	\$14,984,298	\$ 919,093	\$ 461,502	(8,811,591)	1,258,324	(7,553,267)	(8,088,683)
		General revenu	ies					
		Property taxe	es, levied for gene	ral purposes	760,487	-	760,487	706,864
		Transient roc		• •	126,483		126,483	119,711
		Restaurant ta			886,946	-	886,946	838,524
		License fees:			555,515		555,515	,
		Franchise			1,019,074	_	1,019,074	1,012,965
		Payroll			5,340,974	_	5,340,974	5,181,268
		Insurance pre	emiums		830,344	_	830,344	756,002
		Occupational			676,746	_	676,746	586,910
		Permits:			0.0,	_	0.0,	000,0.0
		Building			55,698	_	55,698	31,513
		Electric			54,703	-	54,703	40,845
		Investment ear	nings		50,338	68,198	118,536	187,662
		Miscellaneous	·····go		112,352	-	112,352	135,051
		Total gene	al revenues		9,914,145	68,198	9,982,343	9,597,315
		3			,- ,	,	, - ,	, - ,- ,-
		Gain (loss) on d Transfers in(out	isposal of fixed as)	sets	(18,073)	-	(18,073)	(247,956)
		•			1 004 404	1 226 522	2 /11 002	1 260 676
		Change in Net			1,084,481	1,326,522	2,411,003	1,260,676
		Net assets-begin	nning		23,035,264	27,798,372	50,833,636	49,572,960
		NET ASSETS-E	NDING		\$ 24,119,745	\$ 29,124,894	\$53,244,639	\$ 50,833,636

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

		General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	2011 Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	745,389 4,541,198 1,169,773 3,721	\$	612,045 755,170 392,238 539	\$	1,357,434 5,296,368 1,562,011 4,260	\$ 1,170,377 5,527,032 1,430,061 5,458
Due from other funds Other assets		4,234		170,231 -		174,465 -	 121,480 46,141
Total assets	\$	6,464,315	\$	1,930,223	\$	8,394,538	\$ 8,300,549
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Compensated absences Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	102,375 153,843 5,578 171,486 433,282	\$ 	253,355 4,575 579 4,234 262,743	\$	355,730 158,418 6,157 175,720 696,025	\$ 438,679 181,403 174,804 53,101 847,987
Fund balances							
Nonspendable Restricted		-		- 582,276		- 582,276	46,141 207,517
Committed Assigned Unassigned		238,365 4,854,341 938,327		1,085,204		238,365 5,939,545 938,327	251,962 6,120,763 826,179
Total fund balances		6,031,033		1,667,480	_	7,698,513	7,452,562
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,464,315	\$	1,930,223	\$	8,394,538	\$ 8,300,549
Amounts reported for gov of net assets are differe Fund balances report Capital assets used in	ent be ed al	ecause : oove ernmental acti	vities		\$	7,698,513	\$ 7,452,562
financial resources reported in the fund	ls.					19,149,769	18,901,280
Interest accrued on go expenditure and is Deferred bond costs Long-term liabilities, in	not r	eported in the	funds			(6,698) 39,549	(7,820) -
and payable in the	curre					(0.70/.555)	(0.046.==5)
reported in the fund Net assets of governm		\$	(2,761,388) 24,119,745	\$ (3,310,758) 23,035,264			

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2011 Totals
REVENUES	General	runus	Fullus	Iotais
Taxes	\$ 760,487	\$ 1,013,429	\$ 1,773,916	\$ 1,665,099
Licenses and permits	7,977,539	=	7,977,539	7,609,503
Charges for services	193,436	41,827	235,263	170,224
Fines and forfeits Intergovernmental	7,582 369,754	- 607,295	7,582 977,049	18,711 714,277
Other revenues	134,632	20,476	155,108	196,734
Total revenues	9,443,430	1,683,027	11,126,457	10,374,548
EXPENDITURES		.,000,02.		
Current:				
General administration	1,475,771	46,270	1,522,041	1,325,120
Public safety-police	2,314,221	1,726	2,315,947	2,236,848
Public safety-fire	1,163,637	-	1,163,637	1,192,955
Public works Codes enforcement	1,288,258 333,817	357,332	1,645,590 333,817	1,608,689 289,491
Parks and recreation	658,127	- -	658,127	616,329
GIS/Surveying	130,846	-	130,846	125,507
Business development	73,813	-	73,813	70,499
Tourism	-	912,944	912,944	772,508
Industrial development	-	-	-	4,349
State contracts Capital outlay	357,962	155,663 861,632	155,663 1,219,594	107,972 968,969
Debt service	729,687	157,050	886,737	910,745
Total expenditures	8,526,139	2,492,617	11,018,756	10,229,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	917,291	(809,590)	107,701	144,567
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Note proceeds	-	120,000	120,000	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,250	10,000	18,250	22,847
Transfers in (out)	(799,360)	799,360		
Total other financing sources and uses	(791,110)	929,360	138,250	22,847
Net change in fund balances	126,181	119,770	245,951	167,414
Fund balances-beginning, as restated	5,904,852	1,547,710	7,452,562	7,285,148
Fund balances-ending	\$ 6,031,033	\$ 1,667,480	\$ 7,698,513	\$ 7,452,562
Reconciliation to government-wide change in net assets:				
Net change in fund balances			\$ 245,951	\$ 167,414
add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized			1,219,594	968,969
add: debt service expenditures			886,737	910,745
add: contributed capital less: proceeds from sale of assets			(18,250)	38,590 (22,847)
gain (loss) on disposal of property and construction in progre	SS		(18,073)	(247,956)
add: amortization of deferred bond cost			39,549	(= ·· ,555)
less: change in compensated absences which does not				
require current financial resources			(133,812)	(38,929)
less: note proceeds			(120,000)	(000.040)
less: depreciation on governmental activities assets less: interest on long term debt			(942,077) (75,138)	(929,346) (119,340)
Change in net assets Governmental Activities			\$ 1,084,481	\$ 727,300

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2012

Business Type Activities

	Utilities		
	2012	2011 Totals	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 321,361	\$ 307,435	
Investments	6,934,029	6,873,896	
Receivables (net)	2,270,949	1,879,227	
Other receivables	33,783	5,220	
Interest receivable	5,520	6,630	
Due from (to) other funds	1,255	(68,379)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total current assets	9,566,897	9,004,029	
Noncurrent assets	4 000 050	4 704 040	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,998,659	1,791,816	
Inventory	585,914	590,013	
Capital assets	000.040	000 440	
Construction in progress	396,840	220,413	
Land, easements and buildings	2,477,861	2,429,173	
Plant and electric equipment	11,070,808	10,711,051	
Plant and water equipment	18,555,042	18,464,830	
Plant and sewer equipment	27,894,080	27,806,580	
Vehicle and equipment	1,602,745	1,167,703	
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,967,977)	(17,937,582)	
Other assets, (net)	<u>369,511</u>	397,985	
Total noncurrent assets	44,983,483	45,641,982	
Total assets	\$ 54,550,380	\$ 54,646,011	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,594,080	\$ 1,656,870	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	20,184	27,751	
Accrued taxes	54,835	47,317	
Accrued interest payable	6,886	7,472	
Customer deposits	548,224	533,262	
Accrued leave	328	63,703	
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	1,361,579	1,331,898	
Total current liabilities	3,586,116	3,668,273	
Noncurrent liabilities	3,300,110	3,000,213	
	400 200	470.000	
Compensated absences	192,389	170,806	
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	21,646,981	23,008,560	
Total noncurrent liabilities	21,839,370	23,179,366	
Total liabilities	25,425,486	26,847,639	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	19,020,839	18,521,710	
Restricted for debt service	738,663	724,577	
Restricted for depreciation reserve	1,259,996	1,067,239	
Unrestricted	8,105,396	7,484,846	
		1,101,010	
Total net assets	29,124,894	27,798,372	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 54,550,380	\$ 54,646,011	

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PROPRIETARY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2012

Business Type Activities Utilities

	Utili	ties
	2012	2011 Totals
Operating revenues		
Electric service	\$ 9,008,590	\$ 9,898,655
Water service	2,972,246	2,607,666
Sewer service	2,617,488	1,949,999
Other revenues	150,711	239,537
Total operating revenues	14,749,035	14,695,857
Operating expenses		
Administration	979,144	917,416
Electric	8,075,545	8,773,560
Water	1,139,497	1,069,876
Sewer	929,962	972,200
Depreciation and amortization	2,048,869	1,900,132
Total operating expenses	13,173,017	13,633,184
Operating income (loss)	1,576,018	1,062,673
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Interest and investment revenue	68,198	101,287
Interest expense	(721,240)	(774,992)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(653,042)	(673,705)
Income before capital contributions and transfers	922,976	388,968
Capital contributions		
Electric, water and sewer connection fees	110,763	70,388
Developer contributions	60,000	32,000
Customer reimbursements - electric	63,012	30,065
Grant revenues	169,771	11,955
Transfers in (out)		<u> </u>
Change in net assets	1,326,522	533,376
Total net assets-beginning	27,798,372	27,264,996
TOTAL NET ASSETS-ENDING	\$ 29,124,894	\$ 27,798,372

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business 1	Type Activities
	Ut	ilities
	2012	2011 Tota
A CLU EL OMO EDOM ODEDATINO A CTIVITIES		

		2012	2	011 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	14,528,736	\$	14,568,412
Payments to suppliers		(9,329,215)		(9,578,550)
Payments for employee services and benefits		(2,001,483)		(1,947,747)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,198,038		3,042,115
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions		166,040		112,758
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		100,000
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,331,898)		(1,184,600)
Purchases of capital assets		(923,722)		(1,049,937)
Purchases of construction in progress		(176,427)		(1,071,080)
Interest paid on capital debt		(720,437)		(746,595)
······································		(-, -)		(-,/
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(2,986,444)		(3,839,454)
0.4.011.51.014/0.50.014.101/1505101.0.4.0510/15150				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(00.400)		(00.004)
Investment activity (net)		(60,133)		(89,694)
Interest and dividends	_	69,308		109,757
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,175		20,063
The same promise and a promise and the same		<u> </u>		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		220,769		(777,276)
Balances-beginning of the year		2,099,251		2,876,527
balances-beginning of the year		2,099,201	_	2,070,327
BALANCES-END OF THE YEAR	\$	2,320,020	\$	2,099,251
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,576,018	\$	1,062,673
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	•	,,	•	, ,
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,048,869		1,900,132
				, ,
Change in assets and liabilities				.
Receivables, net		(242,779)		(581)
Inventory		4,099		33,843
Due to/from other funds		(69,634)		68,379
Accounts payable		(91,656)		126,846
Accrued vacation, sick, & holiday		(41,792)		22,494
Accrued taxes		(7,567)		(44,807)
Other liabilities		7,518		(4,761)
Customer deposits		14,962		(122,103)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,198,038	\$	3,042,115
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		-		
Noncash capital and related financing activities:				
Payables for capital items, net	\$	28,866	\$	(42,944)
Developer contributions	\$	60,000	\$	32,000
· - · - · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>*</u>	23,000	*	5=,555

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Berea, Kentucky operates under the City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, recreation, community development, and electric, water, and sewer services. The accounting policies of the City of Berea conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City of Berea, Kentucky include the funds, account groups and entities over which the Mayor and Council exercise significant oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, was determined on the basis of the City's ability to significantly influence operation, select the governing body, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. The Berea Tourism Commission, and the Berea Industrial Authority are included in the financial statements because of these criteria.

The Berea Tourism Commission was created by Ordinance No. 7.82, which was adopted April 6, 1982. The Commission is composed of seven members appointed by the Mayor pursuant to KRS 91A.360. The Commission submits an annual request for operating funds to the Berea City Council and an annual report of the operation of the Commission during the preceding year. Effective July 1, 1997, the City is providing accounting services for the Commission.

The Berea Industrial Development Authority was created by Ordinance No. 18.86, adopted November 25, 1986, pursuant to KRS 154.50-316. The Authority was created to promote the gainful employment, business and economic development opportunities and general welfare of the citizens and residents of the City of Berea. The Authority is authorized to acquire real estate for use as manufacturing, processing and assembling sites, and to develop such sites for occupancy, use, lease or conveyance to industrial entities. The Authority is composed of six members, one of which is the Mayor. The other five members are appointed by the Mayor for four-year terms. The City Council approves the Authority's annual operating budget in conjunction with the City's annual budget authorization.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. These financial statements include the financial activities of the City except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. The government-wide statement of activities reflects costs of government by function for governmental activities and business-type activities. Program revenues include charges paid by recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants or contributions that are restricted to the program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financials statements report detailed information about the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds each of which is considered to be a separate fiscal and accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that is comprised of its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The governmental fund measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Proprietary Fund Types are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises - where intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following funds are used by the City of Berea:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as police and fire protection, community services and general administration are reported in this fund.

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are restricted by law to be expended for specific purposes. The City maintains the following Special Revenue Funds:

Berea Corridor Fund - A special revenue fund established for a pass through from the state for engineering work on a project.

Menalaus Pike Fund - A special revenue fund established for a pass through from the state for engineering work on a project.

Municipal Aid Fund - A special revenue fund for the money received from the state to be used exclusively on road repair.

Tourism Fund - A special revenue fund that receives money from hotel/motel and restaurant taxes and accounts for related expenditures for operations of the Tourism Commission.

Industrial Development Fund - A special revenue fund used to account for industrial development activities conducted by the Berea Industrial Development Authority.

The Police Restricted Fund - The Police Restricted fund was established pursuant to Kentucky Revised Statutes enabling property seized in drug related arrests to be retained or sold and the proceeds used for further drug enforcement efforts.

Mayde Road Fund – A special revenue fund established for a pass through from the state for engineering work on a project.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation, continued

Prospect Street Upgrade Fund - The Prospect Street Upgrade Fund is used to account for a pass through from the state for improvements along Prospect Street including an upgrade to a drainage system, a new bridge, new sidewalks, and a shared use path.

US 25 North – The US 25 North Fund is used to account for a pass through from the state for the complete redesign of US 25. The redesign will be comprised of up to five lanes of traffic including turn lanes at intersections.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. The accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, the costs of the acquisition or construction of capital assets are held in the fund until the assets are placed in service.

Park Expansion Fund - The Park Expansion Fund is used to account for the construction to the park financed through the general obligation public project bonds, series 2008.

Infrastructure Fund - A debt service fund used to account for infrastructure improvements in the Industrial Park financed through the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority and repaid from annual payments by industries served by these improvements.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are established to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The City applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The City's enterprise operations include the Berea Municipal Utilities, a department of the City that provides electric, water, and sewer services to the residents of the City of Berea.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting, continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financials resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the liability is incurred. Permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues (except for investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded when earned since they are measurable and available in all funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Budgeting

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as adopted by ordinance of the City and have been revised for amendments authorized during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

The City considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents. The City considers all cash, both restricted and unrestricted, as cash for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

The City has restricted cash and investments to satisfy bond issue requirements, including cash and investments restricted for bond payments.

Investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Investments of the City consist of certificates of deposits. These funds are invested for periods that comply with cash flow requirements of bond ordinances and general government services.

F. Accounts Receivable and Revenues

Accounts receivable is stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Proprietary funds report all revenue and expenses as operating, except interest income, interest expense, and capital contributions.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets

Depreciation of capital assets is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure5-40 yearsBuildings25-40 yearsImprovements10-40 yearsVehicles, furniture and equipment5-20 years

The City of Berea elected to not report major infrastructure retroactively as permitted by GASB 34. Capital assets acquired are recorded at cost or estimated cost.

I. Internal Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

J. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees are only allowed to carry over 40 hours from one calendar year to the next. Balances in excess of 40 hours of vacation leave lapse at December 31 each year. Employees who resign, retire, or are permanently separated from employment (after one year of service) with the City shall receive payment for all of their accumulated vacation leave upon separation with the City, including any vacation leave credits accumulated during the current year of employment. Employees working 40-hour workweeks are allowed to accumulate a maximum of 1,040 hours of sick leave, and 56-hour employees are allowed to accumulate a maximum of 1,456 of sick leave. Employees who have accumulated at least 90% of the maximum amount of sick leave may request a cash conversion of the remaining sick leave hours. The conversion is calculated based on a ratio of two (2) hours of sick leave for one (1) hour of the employee's regular hourly salary. Employees who resign or retire from employment with the City may be paid for a portion of their accumulated sick leave, based on the number of years employed by the City.

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Balances

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable — amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City of Berea. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Council.

Assigned — amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Only the City Administrator, Finance Director or Audit Committee may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned — all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2012 fund balances are composed of the following:

		Nonmajor	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted:			
Law enforcement	-	40,274	40,274
Road surface repairs	-	542,002	542,002
Committed – capital additions	238,365	-	238,365
Assigned:			
Capital additions	3,334,145	-	3,334,145
Debt service	-	-	-
Other purposes	1,520,196	1085,204	2,605,400
Unassigned	938,327		938,327
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 6,031,033</u>	<u>\$ 1,667,480</u>	<u>\$ 7,698,513</u>

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

M. Management's Review of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through September 17, 2012, which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, have not been evaluated by the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Other Accounting Policies

Inventory is recorded at cost.

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets.

Deferred revenues represent grant revenues received but unearned. Revenues are recognized when eligible expenditures are incurred.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk

Under Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480, the City is allowed to invest in obligations of the U.S. and of its agencies, obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. or a U.S. government agency, obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government, certificates of deposit or other interest-bearing accounts issued by institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or similarly collateralized institutions, and bonds and securities of states, local governments, or related agencies in the U.S. rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's investment policy states that unless matched to a specific cash flow need, the City's funds should not, in general, be invested in securities maturing more than one year from the date of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level shall be one hundred percent of the market value of the principal, plus accrued interest.

The City's bank deposits were substantially covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the custodial banks in the City's name. The carrying amount of the City's deposits totaled \$15,907,851, and the bank balances totaled \$16,590,653. At June 30, 2012 \$17,529,307 of collateral was pledged to the City by the custodial banks.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy is that, with the exception of fully insured or fully collateralized investments and demand deposit accounts, no more than 30% of the City's total investment portfolio shall be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.

The City's investments at June 30, 2012 consist entirely of certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end of the City's major individual funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Governmental Funds: Taxes	\$	General <u>Fund</u> 83,315	\$	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u> 174,964	Governmental <u>Funds Total</u> \$ 258,279
Licenses, permits, billings	φ	1,059,680	Φ	174,904	1,059,680
Charges for Service		6,564		-	6,564
Intergovernmental		62,302		217,274	279,576
Other		2,912			2,912
Gross receivables		1,214,773		392,238	1,607,011
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(45,000)			<u>(45,000)</u>
Net receivables	\$	1,169,773	\$	392,238	<u>\$ 1,562,011</u>
Business Type Activities:		<u>Total</u>			
Customer	\$	2,122,006			
Grants		148,943			
Less: allowance for uncollectible		_			
Net receivables	\$	2,270,949			

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	July 1, 2011	Ad	dditions	Deductions	Ju	ine 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 4,043,134	\$ 1	50,809	\$ (10,000)	\$	4,183,943
Construction in Progress (CIF	588,957	6	91,623	(593,621)		686,959
Capital assets that						
are depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	5,983,685	8	09,491	-		6,793,176
Land Improvements	677,330		-	-		677,330
Vehicles	3,913,589	1	105,012	(127,880)		3,890,721
Equipment	2,234,625		63,576	 (11,935)		2,286,266
Totals	17,441,320	1,8	320,511	(743,436)		18,518,395
Infrastructure Assets	9,831,538			 <u> </u>		9,831,538
Total Capital Assets	27,272,858	1,8	320,511	 (743,436)		28,349,933
Less Accumulated Depreciation	n:					
Buildings and Improvements	3,486,567	2	203,967	-		3,690,534
Land Improvements	115,744		16,929	-		132,673
Vehicles	2,347,796	2	36,998	(101,556)		2,483,238
Equipment	1,356,326	1	158,047	(11,935)		1,502,438
Infrastructure Assets	1,065,145	3	326,13 <u>6</u>	 _		1,391,281
Totals	8,371,578		42,077	 (113,491 <u>)</u>		9,200,164
Depreciable capital assets, net	<u>\$ 18,901,280</u>	\$ 8	378 <u>,434</u>	\$ (629,945)	\$	19,149,769

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		July 1, 2011	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2012
Business-Type Activities:		•				
Land, Buildings and						
Easements	\$	2,429,172	\$ 48,689	\$	-	\$ 2,477,861
Electric system		10,711,051	359,757		-	11,070,808
Water system		18,464,830	90,212		-	18,555,042
Plant and sewer system		27,806,580	87,500		-	27,894,080
Vehicle and equipment		1,167,703	435,042		-	1,602,745
Construction in Progress	_	220,413	 176,427			396,840
Total	_	60,799,749	 1,197,627	_	-	61,997,376
Less Accumulated Depreciation	on_	17,937,581	 2,030,396			<u> 19,967,977</u>
Capital Assets, Net	\$	42,862,168	\$ (832,769)	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 42,029,399</u>

Depreciation Expense was charged to the Governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 83,498
Police	129,415
Fire	120,022
Public Works	323,716
Codes enforcement	1,964
Parks and recreation	229,650
Sanitation	12,168
GIS/Surveying	20,604
Tourism	 21,040

Total Depreciation Expense <u>\$ 942,077</u>

5. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City is in progress on the following projects:

Business-Type Activities	June	e 30, 2012
Exit 76 Water Line	\$	56,226
Lagoon Expansion		2,434
Prince Royal Drive Line Replacement		67,753
Pump Station		116,217
Terrill Branch Extension		104,866
Reservoir - Raw Water Source Study		49,344
Total construction in progress	\$	396,840
Governmental Activities		
Storm Water Plan	\$	65,092
Bratcher Lane		107,046
Shared Use Path - "Indian Fort Trail"		298,904
Water Street Drainage		12,230
Software Implementation		185,840
Stadium Renovation		17,847
Total construction in progress	\$	686,959

6. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - LONG TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in business-type activities long-term debt follows:

	June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2012
Revenue bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences	\$ 15,610,000 8,730,458 170,806	\$ - - 21,583	\$ 865,000 466,898	\$ 14,745,000 8,263,560 192,389
Total debt outstanding	<u>\$ 24,511,264</u>	<u>\$ 21,583</u>	<u>\$ 1,331,898</u>	\$23,200,949
Less current portion of: Revenue bonds Notes payable Current portion				\$ 890,000 <u>471,579</u> 1,361,579
Total long term obligation				\$ 21,839,370

BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

On January 1, 2005, the City of Berea issued \$16,445,000 of Series 2005-A Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds and \$3,740,000 of Series 2005-B Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds to fund the purchase of the Berea College water and electric utilities. The Series 2005-A Bonds are a variable rate debt, with interest rates from 3-4.375%, with the first interest payment due January 1, 2007 and the first principal payment due January 1, 2011. The bonds mature on January 1, 2025. The Series 2005-B Bonds matured January 1, 2010. Interest on the Series 2005-A Bonds is paid semiannually, with principal due on January 1 of each year.

On July 1, 2004, the City of Berea entered into a loan assistance agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for a federally assisted Wastewater Revolving Loan Fund Program Fund A loan not to exceed \$5,000,000 for the improvement of the wastewater system. As of June 30, 2012, the City had a balance of \$3,604,944 on the loan. Interest payments began within six months from the first draw of funds at a rate of 1%, and full principal and interest payments commenced within one year of initiation of operation. The loan calls for a \$250,000 repairs and maintenance reserve.

On January 1, 2009, the City of Berea entered into a loan assistance agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for a federally assisted expansion to the existing Water Treatment Plant. The loan is not to exceed \$5,000,000. As of June 30, 2012 the City had a balance of \$4,658,616 on the loan. The note bears interest at a rate of 1% and principal and interest payments are due in December and June of each fiscal year. The loan calls for a \$100,000 repairs and maintenance reserve.

The following are the principal and interest maturities for the bonds and notes outstanding as of June 30, 2012:

	Principal	Interest	S	ervice Fe	е	Total
2013	\$ 1,361,580	\$ 681,243	\$	18,592	\$	2,061,415
2014	1,401,306	645,366		17,532		2,064,204
2015	1,436,081	607,260		16,460		2,059,801
2016	1,480,904	564,037		15,377		2,060,318
2017-21	8,108,574	2,115,166		60,267		10,284,007
2022-26	8,006,606	723,836		31,539		8,761,981
2027-31	1,213,509	 30,539		7,635		1,251,683
Total	\$ 23,008,560	\$ 5,367,447	\$	167,402	\$	28,543,409

6. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

As discussed in Note 1, Other Accounting Policies, the City allows employees to accumulate earned but unused holiday and sick pay benefits. As of June 30, 2012, the total long term liability for compensated absences was \$192,389 for the business type activities.

COMPLIANCE WITH RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

The City of Berea is required to maintain the following funds and accounts related to the bond issuance and loan agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA):

<u>Depreciation Fund</u> – The bond ordinance requires the creation of a depreciation fund that shall be available and shall be utilized to make repairs and replacements to the system and to pay the costs of constructing additions, extensions, betterments, and improvements to the System which will either increase income and revenues or provide a higher degree of service. There are no required monthly deposits or balance to maintain in the depreciation fund account. The KIA loans call for the creation of a repairs and maintenance reserve of \$350,000. At June 30, 2012, the depreciation fund had a balance of \$1,259,996.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is maintained for the payment of principal and interest on bonds. The City is required to make a monthly transfer to the reserve of 1/6 of the next interest due and 1/12 of the next principal. These monthly transfers are to be made until the balance reaches the lesser of 1) the maximum debt service requirement in any fiscal year, 2) 10% of the proceeds of any series bonds or 3) 125% of the average annual debt service requirement. As of June 30, 2012, the debt service fund had a balance of \$738,663.

7. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG -TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in governmental long-term debt follows:

Leases payable Park bonds payable Note payable Compensated absences	June 30, 2011 \$ 4,136 2,545,000 247,862 	Additions \$ 7,295 - 120,000 	Deletions \$ 2,615 660,000 147,862	June 30, 2012 \$ 8,816 1,885,000 220,000 647,572
Total debt outstanding	\$ 3,310,758	<u>\$ 261,107</u>	<u>\$ 810,477</u>	<u>\$ 2,761,388</u>
Less current portion of: Leases payable Park bonds Note payable Current portion				\$ 3,391 680,000 120,000 803,391
Total long term obligation				<u>\$ 1,957,997</u>

LEASES PAYABLE

The City entered into the following leases, which are reported in the governmental activities long-term debt. Following is a general description of the principal and interest requirements of each lease:

7. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG -TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

LEASES PAYABLE, continued

1. Office Equipment Rental Company Lease (Tourism)- The City entered into a capital lease for a copier for the tourism department on September 25, 2008. The term of the lease is 60 months with monthly payments of \$153. The outstanding balance due is \$2,298 at June 30, 2012 to be paid out October 2013.

June 30.

2013	\$ 1,838
2014	460
Total lease payable	<u>\$ 2,298</u>

2. Office Equipment Rental Company Lease (Police) – The City entered into a capital lease agreement for a copier for the police department on January 9, 2012. The term of the lease is for 60 months with monthly payments of \$129. The outstanding balance is \$6,518 at June 30, 2012 to be paid out January 2017.

June 30,		
2013	\$	1,553
2014		1,553
2015		1,553
2016		1,553
2017		306
Total lease payable	<u>\$</u>	6,518

BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Park Bond Payable

In 1992 the City issued debt for \$2,600,000 to provide for park improvements. On February 2, 1999, the City issued \$2,435,000 in Series 1999 Bonds to advance refund \$2,125,000 of the outstanding 1992 debt. The net proceeds of \$2,388,350 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to fund the debt service account and escrow account. The debt service deposit was \$11,635. The escrow balance of \$2,376,715 was used to purchase US government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1992 Series bonds. As a result, the 1992 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt.

The City advance refunded the 1992 Series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$171,095 and to obtain an economic gain of \$152,265.

Park Expansion Bond Payable

On April 8 2008, the City issued \$3,375,000 in General Obligation Public Project Bonds, Series 2008. The proceeds funded the park expansion project. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.25% - 3.3%.

7. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG -TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Industrial Park Note Payable

During the year, the City of Berea renewed its note payable with Peoples Bank and Trust Company of Madison County that was originally set to mature June 4, 2012. The renewed note accrues interest at 3.5%. The note is payable in one payment of all outstanding principal plus all accrued unpaid interest on June 4, 2013. The City makes regular quarterly payments of all accrued unpaid interest. At June 30, 2012 the balance outstanding on the note was \$100,000.

The schedule below shows the City's total general obligation debt service:

	Principal	Interest		Total
2013	\$ 803,391	\$ 51,685	\$	855,076
2014	327,014	37,667		364,681
2015	236,553	27,380		263,933
2016	241,553	20,135		261,688
2017-21	 505,305	 16,623		521,928
Total	\$ 2,113,816	\$ 153,490	\$ 2	2,267,306

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

As discussed in Note 1, Other Accounting Policies, the City allows employees to accumulate earned but unused holiday and sick pay benefits. As of June 30, 2012, the total liability for long term compensated absences was \$647,572 for the governmental activities.

8. CONDUIT DEBT

In December 2010, City Council authorized issuance of Industrial Building Revenue Bonds totaling \$7,500,000 for the purpose of assisting Berea College in the refinancing of certain outstanding industrial building and educational building revenue bonds that were issued for the acquisition, construction, renovation and equipping of an educational building within the City. The bonds are secured by various assets of the borrower. The amount of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 is not readily available.

The City has no liability for the Industrial Building Revenue Bonds in the event of default by the borrowers. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the City's financial statements.

9. RETIREMENT PLAN

CERS

The City of Berea is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statue 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS

The plan issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by request from Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

9. **RETIREMENT PLAN** (CONTINUED)

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 5.00% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statue Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contributions rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2012, participating employers contributed 18.96% of each employee's wages, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The required contribution (employee and employer) and the actual percentage contributed for the City for the current and previous two years are as follows:

	Required	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	<u>Contribution</u>	Contributed
2012	\$ 1,206,400	100%
2011	\$ 1,075,700	100%
2010	\$ 1,032,600	100%

457(b) and 401(k)

In addition, the City of Berea offers a 457(b) and a 401(k) retirement plan to all its employees. The plan consists of only employee contributions. The City of Berea has 37 participants in the 457(b) plan and 11 participants in the 401(k) plan. Employees can contribute 100% of includible compensation up to \$16,500 and an additional \$5,500 if 50 or older. During the fiscal year employees contributed \$101,865 to the 457(b) plan and 29,897 to the 401(k) plan.

10. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2012 were levied in November 2011 on the assessed property located in the City of Berea as of the preceding January 1. The assessments are determined by the County Property Valuation Administrator in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes. The due date collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description	Date Per K.R.S. 134.015
1. Due date for payment, 2% discount	November 30
2. Face value payment period	December 1 – December 31
3. Past due date, 10% penalty	January 1
4. Interest charge	12% per annum from Jan 1

Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Madison County and are due and collected in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee.

11. PRIOR YEAR RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RESTATEMENTS

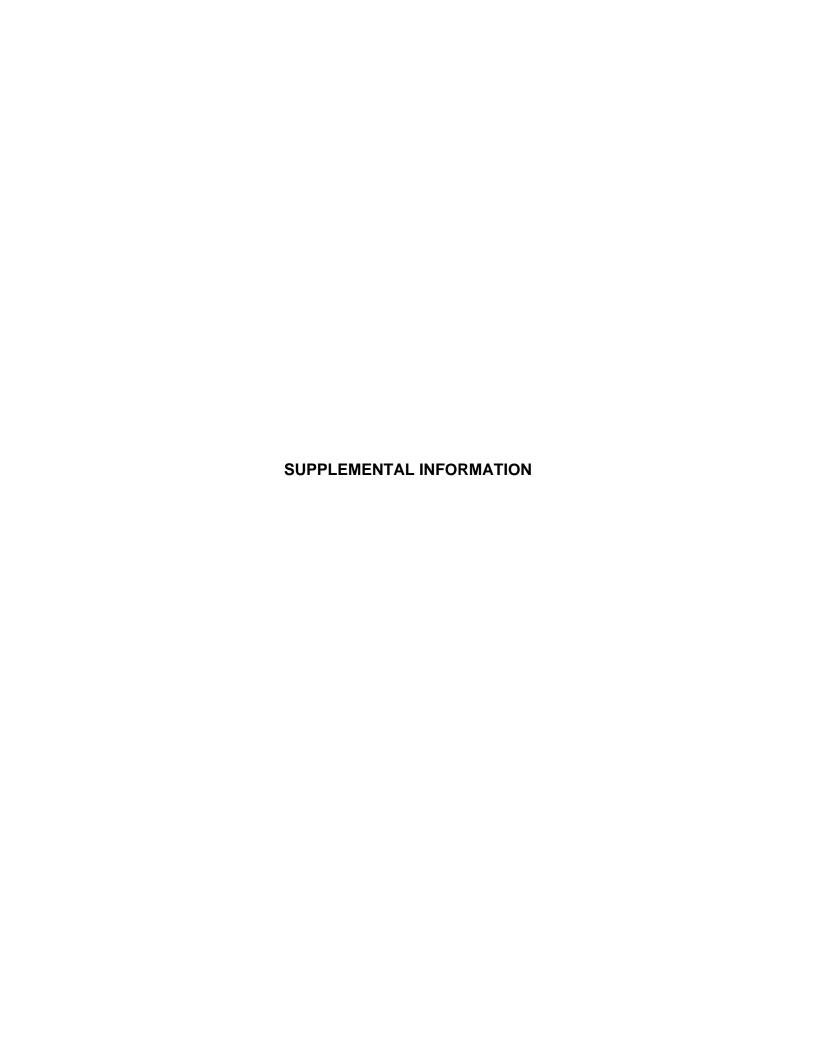
Certain presentations of accounts previously reported have been reclassified and/or restated in these financial statements to conform with the 2012 financial statement presentation.

12. NON EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Berea Municipal Utilities received non-cash contributions from developers in the form of sewer and water lines. The estimated value of these lines totaled \$60,000 and was added to the Utilities' capital assets. Also, during the year, the BMU received connection fees totaling \$110,763 from customers connecting to the system, as well as \$63,012 from customers for reimbursements consisting mainly of trench fees relating to the installation of underground electric utilities. Both developer contributions and connection fees are accounted for as nonoperating revenue.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Berea is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the city also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



		Enacted Budget	4	Amended Budget		Actual	•	Variance
MUNICIPAL TAXATION								
General property taxes	\$	540,000	\$	540,000	\$	596,383	\$	56,383
State assessment property taxes		8,600		8,600		16,261		7,661
In lieu of property tax		9,000		9,000		21,426		12,426
Delinquent property taxes		7,000		5,000		18,878		13,878
Bank deposit taxes		58,600		58,600		58,671		71
Motor vehicle taxes		35,000		35,000		42,775		7,775
Penalties and interest		3,000		3,000		6,093		3,093
		661,200		659,200		760,487		101,287
LICENSES, PERMITS, BILLINGS		_		_		_		
Occupational license fees								
Insurance		600,000		600,000		830,344		230,344
Employee withholding		4,100,000		4,300,000		5,340,974		1,040,974
Net profits		250,000		250,000		646,752		396,752
Individual		14,000		14,000		16,008		2,008
Business		1,000		1,000		1,040		40
Regulated licenses		4,000		4,000		12,946		8,946
Penalty and interest		200		200		-		(200)
Utility franchise fees		902,000		912,000		1,019,074		107,074
Building permits		42,000		47,000		55,698		8,698
Electric permits		35,000		35,000		54,703		19,703
	_	5,948,200		6,163,200	_	7,977,539		1,814,339
CHARGES FOR SERVICE								
Court costs & fees		43,000		40,000		49,547		9,547
Accident reports		1,800		1,800		2,409		609
Burning permits		200		200		15		(185)
Street cut permits		1,000		1,000		575		(425)
Codes - plat review fee		4,500		5,000		7,676		2,676
GIS mapping fees		100		100		66		(34)
Police special services		1,350		1,350		2,804		1,454
Demolition cleanup		2,000		2,000		1,067		(933)
Parks concessions		15,000		15,000		20,294		5,294
Pool concessions		27,000		27,000		29,272		2,272
Swimming pool fees		50,000		50,000		76,178		26,178
Softball fees		-		-		1,462		1,462
Miscellaneous		2,900		2,900		2,071	_	(829)
		148,850		146,350		193,436		47,086

	Enacted Budget	1	Amended Budget		Actual	,	Variance
FINES AND FORFEITS							
Fingerprint charges	\$ 800	\$	800	\$	900	\$	100
Court restitution	400		400		351		(49)
Parking fines	 18,000		18,000		6,331	_	(11,669)
	 19,200		19,200		7,582		(11,618)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES							
County school-police contract	70,000		70,000		73,344		3,344
Madison County grants	56,125		56,125		53,000		(3,125)
Other grants	29,800		62,800		67,493		4,693
Police incentive pay	89,900		89,900		106,821		16,921
Fire incentive pay	 66,000		66,000	_	69,096		3,096
	 311,825		344,825		369,754	_	24,929
OTHER REVENUE							
Rental income	55,600		55,600		54,950		(650)
Interest income	46,200		41,200		43,149		1,949
Insurance proceeds	-		20,302		24,309		4,007
Miscellaneous	 159,400		9,400	_	12,224		2,824
	 261,200		126,502		134,632		8,130
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 7,350,475	\$	7,459,277	\$	9,443,430	\$	1,984,153

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>
ADMINISTRATION				
Administration				
Personnel	\$ 266,400	\$ 276,748	\$ 254,114	\$ (22,634)
Commodities	26,000	24,600	18,806	(5,794)
Contractual	38,700	39,600	39,124	(476)
City Council				
Personnel	56,840	56,840	54,471	(2,369)
Contractual	245,840	250,717	214,332	(36,385)
Finance Office				
Personnel	271,500	271,500	253,132	(18,368)
Commodities	28,600	24,600	12,103	(12,497)
Contractual	125,600	112,900	93,909	(18,991)
Building Maintenance				
Personnel	32,865	32,365	26,322	(6,043)
Commodities	17,500	17,500	14,666	(2,834)
Contractual	51,700	51,400	46,049	(5,351)
	01,700	01,400	40,043	(0,001)
Building Maintenance-Annex				4
Personnel	19,901	15,716	13,454	(2,262)
Contractual	25,400	42,400	41,666	(734)
General Services				
Contractual	369,180	389,918	393,623	3,705
Total Administration	1,576,026	1,606,804	1,475,771	(131,033)
POLICE				
Administration				
Personnel	246,392	246,392	221,341	(25,051)
Commodities	24,100	24,150	14,083	(10,067)
Contractual	71,410	66,410	45,652	(20,758)
Police Patrol				
Personnel	1,825,741	1,855,082	1,752,375	(102,707)
Commodities	184,000	212,300	222,170	9,870
Contractual	28,400	28,400	34,875	6,475
Police Training				
Commodities	10,800	10,800	11,763	963
Contractual	17,750	17,750	11,962	(5,788)
Total Police Department	2,408,593	2,461,284	2,314,221	(147,063)

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance	
FIRE Administration Personnel Commodities Contractual	\$ 80,658 6,897 6,100	\$ 85,734 6,937 6,100	\$ 77,476 2,931 238	\$ (8,258) (4,006) (5,862)	
Fire Suppression Personnel Commodities Contractual	1,057,121 117,650 61,000	1,057,121 118,370 61,000	986,583 60,296 31,088	(70,538) (58,074) (29,912)	
Fire Training Commodities Contractual	11,800 8,000	11,800 8,000	2,608 2,417	(9,192) (5,583)	
Total Fire Department	1,349,226	1,355,062	1,163,637	(191,425)	
STREETS Personnel Commodities Contractual services	797,700 430,350 278,900	797,700 412,000 280,900	698,822 312,048 277,388	(98,878) (99,952) (3,512)	
Total Street Department	1,506,950	1,490,600	1,288,258	(202,342)	
CODES ENFORCEMENT Personnel Commodities Contractual	289,604 18,300 111,225	269,700 30,600 97,325	250,055 17,102 66,660	(19,645) (13,498) (30,665)	
Total Codes Enforcement	419,129	397,625	333,817	(63,808)	
PARKS AND RECREATION Parks and Recreation					
Personnel Commodities Contractual services Pool	256,007 138,400 171,215	267,091 128,900 171,015	251,392 59,711 136,302	(15,699) (69,189) (34,713)	
Personnel Commodities Contractual services	102,300 88,650 46,450	93,800 87,650 42,150	77,166 72,477 30,120	(16,634) (15,173) (12,030)	
Intergenerational Center Contractual services	39,200	39,200	30,959	(8,241)	
Total Parks and Recreation	842,222	829,806	658,127	(171,679)	

for the year ended June 30, 2012

Enacted Amended Budget Budget Actual Variance GIS/SURVEYING GIS/Land Surveying Personnel \$ 119,164 \$ 119,164 \$ 112,529 \$ (6,635)Commodities 16,700 15,500 10,555 (4,945)26,200 Contractual services 27,200 (19,438)7,762 Total GIS/Surveying 162,064 161,864 130,846 (31,018)**BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT Business Development** Personnel 68,580 70,700 66.698 (4,002)Commodities 8,500 6,395 5,309 (1,086)Contractual services 12,300 10,300 1,806 (8,494)**Total Business Development** 89,380 87,395 73,813 (13,582)**CAPITAL OUTLAY** Administration 500,000 200,000 209,223 9,223 Police 165,000 184,000 58,806 (125, 194)Fire 110,500 106,000 9.151 (96,849)Streets 129,100 142,100 22,257 (119,843)25,000 Codes enforcement Business development 24,711 24,711 (24,711)Parks and recreation 117,800 24.576 191,300 (93,224)GIS/Surveying 35,000 35,949 33,949 (2,000)**Total Capital Outlay** 1,180,611 810,560 357,962 (452,598)**DEBT SERVICE** 728,911 728,911 729,687 776 **TOTAL EXPENDITURES** \$ 10,263,112 \$ 9,929,911 \$ 8,526,139 \$ (1,403,772) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of assets 1.000 1.000 8,250 7,250 Transfers in (out) (2,058,197)(1,660,444)(799,360)861,084 (2,057,197)(1,659,444)(791,110)868,334 **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE** \$ (4,969,834) \$ (4,130,078) 126,181 \$ 4,256,259

^{*} The City adopts the budget in aggregate for all governmental and proprietary funds. The above numbers represent the detail for the general fund, which was included as part of the budget ordinance.

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON PROPRIETARY FUND

	Enacted Budget			Amended Budget		Actual	Variance		
BEREA MUNICIPAL UTILITIES									
Administration	•	004.474	•	004.474	•	004.004	•	(400.050)	
Personnel	\$	824,471	\$	824,471	\$	631,821	\$	(192,650)	
Commodities		92,300		93,158		60,242		(32,916)	
Contractual		309,700		312,901		287,081		(25,820)	
	_	1,226,471		1,230,530	_	979,144		(251,386)	
Electric									
Personnel		487,664		487,664		478,208		(9,456)	
Commodities		8,173,760		8,173,760		7,416,193		(757,567)	
Contractual	_	339,940		332,436	_	181,144		(151,292)	
		9,001,364		8,993,860		8,075,545		(918,315)	
Water									
Personnel		489,575		447,555		446,667		(888)	
Commodities		230,000		233,612		147,999		(85,613)	
Contractual		451,450		452,950		544,831		91,881	
		1,171,025		1,134,117		1,139,497		5,380	
Sewer									
Personnel		445,942		432,522		395,428		(37,094)	
Commodities		91,300		91,399		77,918		(13,481)	
Contractual		450,300		513,681		456,616		(57,065)	
		987,542		1,037,602	_	929,962		(107,640)	
Total Expenses	\$	12,386,402	\$	12,396,109	\$	11,124,148	\$	(1,271,961)	

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2012

Menelaus Berea Police Park Capital Mayde Prospect St. US 25 Municipal Industrial Debt Infrastructure Road Aid Pike 2012 2011 Tourism Development Corridor Restricted Service Assessment Improvement Projects Road Upgrade North Fund Fund Fund Total Fund Total **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 437,528 \$ 101,116 \$ 2,702 \$ 5,200 \$ \$ 40,274 \$ 3,285 \$ 14,254 7,686 \$ 612,045 \$ 516,520 \$ Investments 502,781 252,389 755,170 852,214 104,474 173 57,956 392,238 Accounts receivable 174,964 15,247 39,424 274,458 Interest receivable 104 435 539 178 Other assets 46,141 Due from other fund 321 63,012 106,898 170,231 43,864 Total assets \$ 542,002 \$ 779,286 255,526 \$ 20,447 \$ 173 \$ 40,274 \$ \$ 124,253 \$ 121,152 \$ 47,110 \$ 1,930,223 \$ 1,733,375 LIABILITIES AND **FUND BALANCE** Liabilities Accounts payable 21.201 \$ - \$ 15,247 \$ 173 \$ - \$ - \$ 63.012 \$ \$ 106,898 \$ 46.824 \$ 253.355 160.462 Accrued payroll 4,575 4,575 3.914 Compensated absences 579 579 12.052 Due to other fund 4,234 4,234 9,237 Total liabilities 30,589 15,247 173 63,012 106,898 262,743 46,824 185,665 Fund balance 542,002 748,697 255,526 5,200 40,274 61,241 14,254 286 1,667,480 1,547,710 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 124,253 \$ \$ 542,002 \$ 779,286 \$ 255,526 \$ 20,447 \$ <u>173</u> \$ 40,274 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 121,152 \$ 47,110 \$ 1,930,223 \$1,733,375

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL NONMAJOR FUNDS

REVENUES	Municipal Road Aid Fund	Tourism Fund	Industrial Development Fund	Menelaus Pike Fund	Berea Corridor Fund	Police Restricted Fund	Debt Service Fund	Infrastructure Assessment Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Mayde Road Fund	Prospect St. Upgrade Fund	US 25 North Fund	2012 Total	2011 Total
Municipal Taxation Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	\$ - 390,851	\$ 1,013,429 - 41,827	\$ -	\$ - 27,430	\$ - 173	\$ - 2,652	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 57,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 128,233	\$ 1,013,429 607,295 41,827	\$ 958,235 358,015 5,981
Other revenues	322	7,517	12,539	7		47		27		13			4	20,476	32,960
Total revenues	391,173	1,062,773	12,539	27,437	173	2,699		27		57,969			128,237	1,683,027	1,355,191
EXPENDITURES															
Current															
General administration Police department	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,726	-	-	46,141 -	129	-	-	-	46,270 1,726	4,709 1,552
Fire department	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street department	17,366	-	-	991	8,408	-	-	-	-	9,071	-	321,496	-	357,332	356,367
Parks and recreation Tourism		892,972	-	-	-	_	-		-	19,972	-	-		912,944	4,990 772,508
Industrial Development	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	15,572	_	_	_	512,544	4,349
State Contracts	-	-	-	27,430	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	128,233	155,663	107,972
Capital outlay	-	256,849	64,954	-	-	-	-	-	-	539,829	-	-		861,632	658,830
Debt service		1,838	155,191				21							157,050	174,953
Total expenditures	17,366	1,151,659	220,145	28,421	8,408	1,726	21		46,141	569,001		321,496	128,233	2,492,617	2,086,230
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures before other sources (uses)	373,807	(88,886)	(207,606)	(984)	(8,235)	973	(21)	27	(46,141)	(511,032)	-	(321,496)	4	(809,590)	(731,039)
Other financing sources Note proceeds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	120,000	_	_	_	120,000	_
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	10,000	20,000
Transfers from other funds			92,218		8,235			(32,773)		451,533	(13,824)	293,971		799,360	500,447
Excess revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	373,807	(88,886)	(105,388)	(984)	-	973	(21)	(32,746)	(46,141)	60,501	(13,824)	(27,525)	4	119,770	(210,592)
Fund balances, July 1, 2011	168,195	837,583	360,914	6,184	_	39,301	21	32,746	46,141	740	13,824	41,779	282	1,547,710	1,758,302
i und balances, July 1, 2011	100,195	031,303	300,914	0,104		33,301		32,140	40, 141	140	13,024	41,779		1,041,110	1,700,002
FUND BALANCES- JUNE 30, 2012	\$ 542,002	\$ 748,697	\$ 255,526	\$ 5,200	\$ -	\$ 40,274	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	\$ 61,241	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 14,254	\$ 286	\$ 1,667,480	\$ 1,547,710

CITY OF BEREA, KENTUCKY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and the City Council City of Berea Berea, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berea, Kentucky (the "City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

September 17, 2012